# MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

2014 JUN 23 ANNO: 1!

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CCR CERTIFICATION
CALENDAR YEAR 2013
Arkabutla Water Assn.
Public Water Supply Name
0690001
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)

Date(s) custom	ers were inform	ned: <u>06/2</u>	7/14,	/ /		/			
CCR was distri methods used_	outed by U.S.	Postal Serv	rice or othe	er direct o	delivery.	Must	specify	other	direct
Date Mailed/D									
CCR was distrib	ated by Email As a URL (Pro As an attachm As text within	ovide URL _ ent			D	ate Ema	ailed:	/	
CCR was publish				_	d CCR o	r proof	of publ	ication	ı)
Name of News				-			<b>.</b> .		,
Date Published									
CCR was posted	in public place	s. <i>(Attach lis</i>	t of locatio	ns)	D	ate Post	ed:	/	/
CCR was posted	on a publicly a	ccessible inte	ernet site at	the follow	ving add	ress (DI	RECT	URL I	REQU

I hereby certify that the 2013 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State

Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Harry House Water Operator Name/Fittle (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

06-19-14 Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: <u>Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us</u>

## 2013 Quality Water Report Arkabutla Water Association, Inc. [PWS ID# 0690001] June 2014

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two ground water well that pumps from the **Sparta Aquifer** Our source water assessment is available upon request.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Harry House (Certified Water Operator) at 8929 Arkabutla Rd. Coldwater, MS 38618, 662-562-8456. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend one of our scheduled meetings. They are held the third Monday in March of each year at 7:00 p.m. at the Arkabutla Community Center.

Arkabutla Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2013. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

*Non-Detects (ND)* - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

*Maximum Contaminant Level* - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

## 2013 Quality Water Report

				TEST	RESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected Your Water	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chromium	n	05/20/13	.0011	0	ppm	0.1	0.1	Discharge from steel and
Antimony, Total Arsenic Beryllium, Total Cadmium Fluoride	n n n n	05/20/13 05/20/13 05/20/13 05/20/13 05/20/13	<.0005 .0005 <<.0005 .0005 <0.1	0 0 0 0	ppm ppm ppm ppm ppm	0.006 .010 .004 .005 4	0.006 .010 0.004 0.005 4	pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
1010 Barium Mercury Selenium Thallium, Total	n n n	05/20/13 05/20/13 05/20/13 05/20/13	<ul><li>0.054</li><li>&lt;.0005</li><li>&lt;.0025</li><li>&lt;.0005</li></ul>	0 0 0 0	ppm ppm ppm ppm	0.002 0.05 0.002	0.002 0.05 0.002	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion on natural deposits
14. Copper	n	2011	0.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosio of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	n	2011	0.002	0	ppb	0	AL=0.015	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosio of natural deposits
1038 Nitrate+Nitrite(as N)	n	05/08/13	<0.1	0	ppm	10	10	Run-off from fertilizer us leaching from septic tank sewage; erosion of natura deposits
1040 Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	n	05/08/13	<0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use leaching from septic tank sewage; erosion of natura deposits
1041 Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	n	05/08/13	<0.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use leaching from septic tank sewage; erosion of natura deposits
Volatile Org	anic C	ontamina	nts					
2950 TTHM 2456 HAA5	n n	07/12/2010 07/12/2010	0.00		ppb ppb	0 0	80 60	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
0999. Chlorine Highest QTR RAA Range	n	2013 2013	0.80 0.06- 0.08	0	MG/L MG/L	0	MRDL=4	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine Repws ID 0690001	SYST	Monitori EM NAME butlaWater A	В	lations COMPLIAN EGIN DATE 01/01/2010	CE PERIOD END DA 12/31/20		SA COLLECTE 0	MPLES ED REQUIRED 1

# 2013 Quality Water Report \*\*\*\*\*A Message From MSDH Concerning Radiological Sampling\*\*\*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

#### Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a disinfectant to monitor/test for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection-By-Products Rule.

#### Significant Deficiencies:

During a sanitary survey conducted on 5/29/2012, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):

- (1) Lack of redundant mechanical components where treatment is required <u>Corrective actions:</u> MSDH is currently working with this system to return them to compliance since the expiration of the compliance deadline. It is anticipated we will be returned to compliance by December 31, 2014.
- (2) Inadequate security measures
  - <u>Corrective actions:</u> This system met all security measures required.
- (3) Inadequate application of treatment chemicals and techniques

  <u>Corrective actions:</u> This system has met the required applications of treatment chemicals and techniques.

#### **Additional Information for Lead**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Arkabutla Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in you water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact (601)576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be

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particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). Please call 662-562-8456 if you have questions.

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Arkabutla Water Assn.
P.O. Box 260
Arkabutla, MS 38602
662 562-8456

2014
23
1101
PRS.
US POS.
LAMALE
Senatoble
Senatoble
PERMI

Previous Balance: 0.00 | Tillion less person with paymen | WATER 186380-184060=2320 | 17.80 | Billed: 07/01 | Billed: 07/10 | pay 19.58 | 17.80 is due by 07/10 |

TOTAL NEW CHARGES 07/01

17.80 is due by 07/10

Acct# A-1500 After 07/10 pay 19.58

Last Pmt \$17.03 D6/09 Harry House

SVC:05/14-08/16 (33 days)

Acct# A-1500

Harry House 8929 Arkabutla Rd. Coldwater MS 38618